**The Math Task Analysis Guide**

From Smith and Stein 1998

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| **Lower-level demands** | **Higher-level demands** |
| Memorization   * Involve either reproducing previously learned facts, rules, formulas, or definitions or committing facts, rules, formulas, or definitions to memory. * Cannot be solved by using procedures, because a procedure does not exist or because the time frame in which the task is being completed is too short to use a procedure. * Are not ambiguous. Such tasks involve exact reproduction of previously seen material, and what is to be reproduced is clearly and directly stated. * Have no connection to the concepts or meaning that underlies the facts, rules, formulas, or definitions being learned or reproduced. | Procedures with connections   * Focus students’ attention on the use of procedures for the purpose of developing deeper levels of understanding of mathematical concepts and ideas. * Suggest, explicitly or implicitly, pathways to follow that are broad general procedures that have close connections to underlying conceptual ideas as opposed to narrow algorithms that are opaque with respect to underlying concepts. * Usually are represented in multiple ways, such as visual diagrams, manipulatives, symbols, and problem situations. Making connections among multiple representations helps develop meaning. * Require some degree of cognitive effort. Although general procedures may be followed, they cannot be followed mindlessly. Students need to engage with conceptual ideas that underlie the procedures to complete the task successfully and that develop understanding. |
| Procedures without connections   * Are algorithmic. Use of the procedure is either specifically called for or is evident from prior instruction, experience, or placement of the task. * Require limited cognitive demand for successful completion. Little ambiguity exists about what needs to be done or how to do it. * Have no connection to the concepts or meaning that underlies the procedure being used. * Are focused on producing correct answers instead of on developing mathematical understanding. * Require no explanations or explanations that focus solely on describing the procedure that was used. | Doing mathematics   * Require complex and nonalgorithmic thinking- a predictable, well-rehearsed approach or pathway is not explicitly suggested by the task, task instructions, or a worked-out example. * Require students to explore and understand the nature of mathematical concepts, processes, or relationships. * Demand self-monitoring or self-regulation of one’s own cognitive processes. * Require students to access relevant knowledge and experiences and make appropriate use of them in working through the task. * Require students to access relevant knowledge and experiences and make appropriate use of them in working through the task. * Require students to analyze the task and actively examine task constraints that may limit possible solution strategies and solutions. * Require considerable cognitive effort and may involve some level of anxiety for the student because of the unpredictable nature of the solution process required. |